Skill Procedures: Kendrick Extrication Device

I. Usage

1. The Kendrick Extrication Device (KED) is designed to immobilize a patient found in a sitting position. It is most commonly used in automobile accidents where the patient is stable. If the patient is unstable, refer to the Rapid Extrication Protocol.

II. Procedural Protocols

- 1. Rescuer One should be positioned behind the patient to stabilize the head and neck.
- 2. Rescuer Two checks neurological and vascular response of all extremities.
- 3. Rescuer Two measures and applies the cervical collar.
- 4. The KED is slide into position behind the patient.
- 5. The KED is wrapped around the patient, and the middle strap is secured.
 - A. The KED should be snug beneath the patient's armpits.
- 6. The bottom strap is secured next.
- 7. Each leg strap is wrapped around the leg and secured.
- 8. The top strap of the KED is secured.
- 9. The patient's head is secured into the KED.
- 10. All of the straps are tightened down.
- 11. The patient's wrist and legs are secured.
- 12. A long spine board is placed under the patient's buttocks.

Effective Date: 1 May 2002 Revision Number: N/A
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II. Procedural Protocols (continued)

- 13. The patient is removed from the vehicle and transferred to the long spine board.
- 14. Disconnect the leg straps, allowing the patient's legs to lay flat on the long spine board.
- 15. Refer to the Securing a Patient to the Long Spine Board.



III. Notes

- 1. Neurological and vascular checks should be performed on the patient prior to and after extrication, and any changes noted.
- 2. If the patient is unstable, refer to the Rapid Extrication Protocol.

Effective Date: 1 May 2002 Revision Number: N/A
Revision Date: N/A Page J13.2